DETAILED MODEL PLAN (LIHEAP)

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Section 1 - Program Components

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES August 1987, revised 05/92,02/95,03/96,12/98,11/01 OMB Clearance No.: 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 09/30/2020

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM(LIHEAP) MODEL PLAN SF - 424 – MANDATORY

Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families Office of Community Services Washington, DC 20201

August 1987, revised 05/92, 02/95, 03/96, 12/98, 11/01 OMB Approval No. 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 09/30/2020

THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) Use of this model plan is optional. However, the information requested is required in order to receive a Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) grant in years in which the grantee is not permitted to file an abbreviated plan. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Section 1 - Program Components

Program Components, 2605(a), 2605(b)(1) - Assurance 1, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.1 Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)				
	2020-2021	2020-2021	2021-2022	2021-2022
	Start Dates	End Dates	Start Dates	End Dates
Heating Assistance	11/02/2020	08/31/2021	10/01/2021	03/15/2022
Cooling Assistance	05/03/2021	08/31/2021	05/02/2022	08/31/2022
Crisis Assistance	01/04/2021	08/31/2021	01/03/2022	03/15/2022
Weatherization Assistance	10/01/2020	09/30/2021	10/01/2021	09/30/2022
Clean & Tune under Heating Assistance	10/01/2020	09/30/2021	10/01/2021	09/30/2022
Heating Equipment Repair and	10/01/2020	09/30/2021	10/01/2021	09/30/2022
Replacement				

Provide further explanation for the dates of operation, if necessary

The FFY 2021 program dates are as follows:

Heating assistance: November 2, 2020 through August 31, 2021 Cooling: May 3, 2021 through August 31, 2021 Crisis assistance: January 4, 2021 through August 31, 2021 Weatherization: October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021 The FFY 2022 program dates are as follows: Heating assistance: October 1, 2021 through March 15, 2022 Cooling: May 2, 2022 through August 31, 2022 Crisis assistance: January 3, 2022 through March 15, 2022 Weatherization: October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022

The FFY 2021 Heating Assistance component and Crisis component were extended beyond the March 15, 2021 closing dates to August 31, 2021. Additionally, second and third Emergency HEAP benefits were made available to eligible households experiencing a crisis or life-threatening heat or heat-related energy emergency in FFY 2021. Effective March 8, 2021 through August 31, 2021 new applicants for the Heating Assistance component experiencing a crisis or life-threatening emergency were evaluated for a Crisis Assistance component benefit. If eligible, households could receive a Crisis Assistance component benefit concurrently with their Heating Assistance component benefit. The FFY 2021 Heating Assistance arrears supplemental benefits funded by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) will end September 30, 2021. If feasible, starting with the FFY 2022 program, New York State (NYS) will allocate ARPA funding to continue a heating assistance arrears supplement. The FFY 2021 Cooling Assistance component will run until August 31, 2021 or until funding allocated to this component is exhausted, whichever comes first. NYS will operate a FFY 2021 and FFY 2022 Clean and Tune Program under the Heating Assistance component from October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021 and October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022, respectively, or until funding allocated to this program is exhausted, whichever comes first. Weatherization assistance in NYS is administered by NYS Homes and Community Renewal (HCR) and the NYS Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA). Income guidelines, maximum income eligibility for the NYS Home Energy Assistance Program is set at the higher of 60% of the State Median Income or 150% of the Federal Poverty Level.

1.2 Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: The total of all percentages	Percentage (%)
must add up to 100%.	
Heating assistance	53.00%
Cooling assistance	4.00%
Crisis assistance	18.00%
Weatherization assistance	15.00%
Carryover to the following federal fiscal year	0.00%
Administrative and planning costs	10.00%
Services to reduce home energy needs including needs assessment (Assurance 16)	0.00%
Used to develop and implement leveraging activities	0.00%
TOTAL	100.00%

Estimated Funding Allocation, 2604(C), 2605(k)(1), 2605(b)(9), 2605(b)(16) - Assurances 9 and 16

Alternate Use of Crisis Assistance Funds, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.3 The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

\square	Heating assistance		Cooling assistance
	Weatherization assistance	\boxtimes	Other (specify:) Extend the Crisis Assistance
			Component

Categorical Eligibility, 2605(b)(2)(A) - Assurance 2, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(8A) - Assurance 81.4

1.4 Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the left column below?

If you answered "Yes" to question 1.4, you must complete the table below and answer questions 1.5 and 1.6.

	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
TANF	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
SSI	🗌 Yes 🔀 No			
SNAP	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🛛 Yes 🗌 No	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Means- Test Veterans Programs	🗌 Yes 🔀 No			

	Program Name	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
Other	Code A SSI defined	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🔀 Yes 🗌 No	🛛 Yes 🗌 No	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
(Specify) 1	as Code A for both				
	federal and NYS SSI				
	living arrangements.				
	Code A SSI				
	households are				
	categorically eligible				
	for the Heating and,				
	Cooling, and Crisis				
	components. Code				
	A SSI households				
	are categorically				
	eligible for				
	Weatherization.				
Other	N/A	🗌 Yes 🗌 No			
(Specify) 2					

1.5 Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application? 🖂 Yes 🗌 No

If Yes, explain:

Whenever Temporary Assistance or TA is used in this document, it means Family Assistance and Safety Net Assistance. Statutorily, these programs are referred to as Public Assistance. Temporary Assistance (TA) and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) recipients who are in receipt of ongoing benefits are considered to be categorically income eligible, but these recipients must also meet all other eligibility criteria in order to be eligible for a Regular benefit. These recipients consent to have their eligibility determined for HEAP through the Automatic Payment (Autopay) process when they complete and submit a NYS Application for Certain Benefits and Services (LDSS-2921), Recertification Application for Certain Benefits and Services for TA or SNAP (LDSS-3174), or Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Application/Recertification (LDSS-4826). The consent language is found in the consent section of each application. TA and SNAP recipients who are categorically income eligible, meet all other eligibility criteria and are in receipt of ongoing benefits at the time of the Autopay pull down are not required to complete a separate HEAP application. OTDA uses the TA and SNAP eligibility information found in the Welfare Management System (WMS) at the time of the Autopay pull down to determine the household's income eligibility for HEAP, as well as other eligibility criteria. If all HEAP eligibility factors, including vendor information, can be collected from WMS, a Regular eligibility determination is made and a payment amount is electronically issued, as appropriate, to either the vendor or household. Clients approved for a regular benefit via the Autopay process receive a notice of approval containing the eligibility factors used to determine their eligibility, the amount of the benefit and their fair hearing rights. Regular heat-included benefits may be paid directly to a recipient's utility account or directly to the household; if the household does not pay utility directly for domestic electric. All other HEAP benefits including the regular heating benefit must be paid directly to a vendor. Heat included households are households that do not make payments directly to a vendor for their primary heating but make undesignated payments for heat as a portion of their rent and are in an eligible living arrangement. If required HEAP eligibility factors beyond income eligibility cannot be retrieved from WMS, the case appears on an exception report for required social services district (district) review and eligibility determination. To enhance participation and benefits for households enrolled in SNAP, after the Heating Assistance component closes, NYS will obligate FFY 2021 funds to the FFY 2022 program and continue issuing nominal assistance benefits to SNAP households that make undesignated payments for heat as a portion of their rent and have not already been approved for HEAP during the FFY 2021 program year. The balance of the benefits, if warranted, will be issued as part of the FFY 2022 Autopay process. NYS will obligate FFY 2022 funds to the FFY23 program and continue issuing nominal assistance benefits to SNAP households that make undesignated payments for heat as a portion of their rent and have not already been approved for HEAP during the FFY 2022 program year. The balance of the benefits, if warranted, will be issued as part of the FFY 2023 Autopay process.

1.6 How do you ensure there is no difference in the treatment of categorically eligible households from those not receiving other public assistance when determining eligibility and benefit amounts?

Eligibility criteria for each program component are applied uniformly to all applicant households.

SNAP Nominal Payments

1.7a Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP households? Xes No

If you answered "Yes" to question 1.7a, you must provide a response to questions 1.7b, 1.7c, and 1.7d.

1.7b Amount of Nominal Assistance: \$21

1.7c Frequency of Assistance

\square	Once Per Year
	Once every five years
	Other – Describe:

1.7d How do you confirm that the household receiving a nominal payment has an energy cost or need?

OTDA and social services districts (districts) confirm that a household that receives a nominal payment has an energy cost or need based on information contained in the case record and in WMS.

Clients must provide documentation of direct or indirect responsibility of incurred energy costs. A direct energy burden must be documented through vendor fuel bill or fuel bill receipt, a statement from the vendor or collateral contact with the vendor specifying who pays the bill and to whom the bill is paid. Households that pay energy costs indirectly, in the form of rent, must document their energy cost in the form of a landlord statement or a signed lease agreement between the applicant and the landlord.

NYS HEAP Manual Chapter 8, Section G (Rev.07/21)

c. Applicants in the following living situations are eligible for a Heat and Eat benefit:

- Government subsidized housing with heat included in the rent;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit residential drug or alcoholic treatment facilities;
- Private non-profit residential drug or alcoholic treatment facilities that are authorized as a SNAP retailer by the United States Department of Agriculture or are in receipt of a letter from the certifying State agency stating that the facility operates to further the goals of Title XIX;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit enriched housing;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit residential group living facilities serving no more than 16 residents;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit supervised or supportive living arrangements; or
- State operated community residences.

Determination of Eligibility - Countable Income

1.8 In determining a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?

\square	Gross Income
	Net Income

1.9. Select all the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP

\square	Wages			
	Self - Employment Income			
	Contract Income			
	Payments from mortgage or Sales Contracts			
	Unemployment insurance			
	Strike Pay			
	Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits			
	□ Including Medicare deduction ⊠ Excluding Medicare deduction			
\square	Supplemental Security Income (SSI)			
	Retirement / pension benefits			
Ē	General Assistance benefits			
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits			
	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits			
	Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program (WIC) benefits			
	Loans that need to be repaid			
	Cash gifts			
	Savings account balance			
	One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, winnings from lotteries, refund			
	deposits, etc.			
\square	Jury duty compensation			
\square	Rental income			
\square	Income from employment through Workforce Investment Act (WIA)			
\square	Income from work study programs			
\square	Alimony			
	Child support			
\square	Interest, dividends, or royalties			
\square	Commissions			
	Legal settlements			
	Insurance payments made directly to the insured			
	Insurance payments made specifically for the repayment of a bill, debt, or estimate			
	Veterans Administration (VA) benefits			
	Earned income of a child under the age of 18			
	Balance of retirement, pension, or annuity accounts where funds cannot be withdrawn			
	without a penalty.			
	Income tax refunds			
	Stipends from senior companion programs, such as VISTA			
<u> Ц</u>	Funds received by household for the care of a foster child			
<u> _</u>	Ameri-Corp Program payments for living allowances, earnings, and in-kind aid			
	Reimbursements (for mileage, gas, lodging, meals, etc.)			

Other

Section 2 – Heating Assistance.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES August 1987, revised 05/92,02/95,03/96,12/98,11/01 OMB Clearance No.: 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 09/30/2020

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM(LIHEAP) MODEL PLAN SF - 424 – MANDATORY

Section 2 - Heating Assistance

Eligibility, 2605(b)(2) - Assurance 2

2.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component:

Add	Household Size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	1	State Median Income	60.00%
2	2	State Median Income	60.00%
3	3	State Median Income	60.00%
4	4	State Median Income	60.00%
5	5	State Median Income	60.00%
6	6	State Median Income	60.00%
7	7	State Median Income	60.00%
8	8	State Median Income	60.00%
9	9	State Median Income	60.00%
10	10	State Median Income	60.00%
11	11	State Median Income	60.00%

2.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for Heating Assistance? 🛛 Yes 🗌 No

2.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

Do you require an Assets test?	Yes 🛛 No
--------------------------------	----------

Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

Renters?	Yes 🛛 No
Renters Living in subsidized housing?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Renters with utilities included in the rent?	Yes 🛛 No

Do you give priority in eligibility to:

Elderly?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Disabled?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No

Young children?	Yes No
Households with high energy burdens?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Other?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No

Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above:

Eligibility policy for renter's explanation:

Households that do not make payments directly to a vendor for their primary heating but make undesignated payments for heat as a portion of their rent and are in an eligible living arrangement will receive a benefit based on the two-tier payment structure. A household's tier is based on their gross monthly income taking into account household size.

Variables that determine benefit level explanation for households that pay directly for heat:

Tier I eligibility is based on gross income and household size, on the date of application the household's gross income must be at or below 130% of federal poverty level for the household size; or at least one adult household member must be in receipt of Temporary Assistance (TA), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP) or Code A SSI. Tier I will receive an additional \$31 to their base benefit in FFY 2021, and will receive an additional \$41 to their base benefit in FFY 2022.

Households with a vulnerable member (under the age of six, age 60 or older, or permanently disabled) will receive an additional \$35 to their base benefit.

*If a household meets the criteria for both, the maximum total Regular benefit is \$741 in FFY 2021, and \$751 in FFY 2022. The Regular benefit for oil, kerosene and propane of \$675, plus an additional \$35 for households containing a vulnerable household member and \$31 in FFY 2021 and \$41 in FFY 2022 for Tier I households.

NYS's Regular HEAP benefit structure assists households that pay a high proportion of household income for energy. As research has shown that heat included households consume less energy than households that pay directly for heat and are, therefore, less likely to have a high home energy burden, higher benefit levels are provided to households that pay directly for heat than to heat included households. In addition to targeting high burden households, higher benefits are provided to those households that have the lowest income.

Note: The income eligibility threshold used for the heating component for households including 12 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2021.

The income eligibility threshold used for the heating component for households including 13 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2022.

Determination of Benefits 2605(b)(5) - Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable populations, e.g., benefit amounts, early application periods, etc.

NYS provides early application access to vulnerable households with a member. In addition, these households receive an additional \$35 to their base benefit.

2.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

🔀 Income			
Family (household) size			
Home energy cost or need:			
🖂 Fuel type			
Climate/region			
Individual bill			
Dwelling type			
🔀 Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)			
Energy need			
Other - Describe:			

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) - Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2021:

Minimum Benefit \$2	Maximum Benefit	\$751
---------------------	-----------------	-------

2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits? 🗌 Yes 🔀 No

If yes, describe.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

The maximum total Regular benefit is \$741 in FFY 2021, and \$751 in FFY 2022.

NYS will allocate Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding to assist eligible HEAP recipient households pay past-due utility account arrearages for unpaid natural gas and/or electricity charges. Eligible households may receive a onetime benefit for natural gas and/or electricity arrearages as documented by their utility vendor. Only one arrears benefit per current electricity and/or gas account is permitted, and total benefits must not exceed \$10,000 per eligible household. Payments will be made directly to an eligible household's utility provider. Applications will be accepted by departments of social services statewide starting August 16, 2021, and benefits will be provided to eligible applicants on a first come first served basis through September 30, 2021 or until funds are no longer available.

NYS will allocate Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding to assist eligible households of the NYS Emergency Rental Assistance Program (ERAP) pay past-due utility account arrearages for unpaid natural gas and/or electricity charges. The Rental Assistance Program assists households that have experienced financial hardship due to COVID-19, that are at risk of homelessness or housing instability and that earn at or below 80 percent of area median income. If HEAP eligible, the household may receive a benefit equal to up to the highest 12 months of unpaid gas and/or electricity utility benefits will be made directly to an eligible household's utility provider. Such arrears may be paid retroactive to March 13, 2020. Eligible households may receive a onetime benefit for natural gas and/or electricity arrearages as documented by their utility vendor. OTDA acceptance of ERAP applications started June 1, 2021. HEAP funded utility arrearage benefits will be provided to eligible applicants through September 30, 2021 or until funds are no longer available.

Section 3– Cooling Assistance

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES August 1987, revised 05/92,02/95,03/96,12/98,11/01 OMB Clearance No.: 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 09/30/2020

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM(LIHEAP) MODEL PLAN SF - 424 – MANDATORY

Section 3 – Cooling Assistance

Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605 (b)(2) - Assurance 2

3.1 Designate The income eligibility threshold used for the Cooling component:

Add	Household Size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	1	State Median Income	60.00%
2	2	State Median Income	60.00%
3	3	State Median Income	60.00%
4	4	State Median Income	60.00%
5	5	State Median Income	60.00%
6	6	State Median Income	60.00%
7	7	State Median Income	60.00%
8	8	State Median Income	60.00%
9	9	State Median Income	60.00%
10	10	State Median Income	60.00%
11	11	State Median Income	60.00%

3.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for COOLING ASSISTANCE? Xes No

3.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

Do you require an Assets test?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No

Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

Renters?	Yes 🛛 No
Renters Living in subsidized housing?	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
Renters with utilities included in the rent?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No

Do you give priority in eligibility to:

Elderly?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Disabled?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Young children?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Households with high energy burdens?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Other? Applicants with a documented medical	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
need	

Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above:

In addition to meeting NYS's income eligibility and living arrangement eligibility criteria, all applicants for the Cooling Assistance component must have a medical condition, which is exacerbated by heat and verified in writing by a physician, physician's assistant or nurse practitioner and do not have a working air conditioner that is newer than five years. Applicants are only eligible for a Cooling Assistance benefit once every five years.

Households containing a vulnerable member (elderly age 60 years or older, or young children under age 6) which meet all other component eligibility criteria may receive cooling assistance benefits without a corresponding medical need for FFY 2022.

NYS (NYS) does not provide a cash cooling benefit. NYS only provides an air conditioner or fan if medically necessary. NYS will not authorize a HEAP payment of more than \$800 for a single air conditioner/fan. The benefit amount is determined by the actual cost of equipment, materials and labor necessary to establish a cooling area and is issued directly to the vendor not to exceed \$800. The benefit is not applied to the client's electric bill, nor is it issued to the client as a cash benefit.

Note: The income eligibility threshold used for the cooling component for households including 12 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2021.

The income eligibility threshold used for the cooling component for households including 13 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2022.

3.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of cooling assistance to vulnerable populations, e.g., benefit amounts, early application periods, etc.

Applicants with a documented medical need.

Households containing a vulnerable member (elderly age 60 years or older, or young children under age 6) which meet all other component eligibility criteria may receive cooling assistance benefits without a corresponding medical need for FFY 2022.

Determination of Benefits 2605(b)(5) - Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

3.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

🔀 Income	
Family (household) size	
Home energy cost or need:	

Fuel type	
Climate/region	
Individual bill	
Dwelling type	
Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)	
Energy need	
🔀 Other - Describe:	

NYS does not provide a cash cooling benefit. NYS only provides an air conditioner or fan if medically necessary. To be eligible for the air conditioner or fan, households must meet HEAP income standards for their household size (i.e., 60% SMI or 150% FPL, whichever is greater).

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) - Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

3.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2021:

Minimum Benefit	\$10	Maximum Benefit	\$800
-----------------	------	-----------------	-------

3.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., fans, air conditioners) and/or other forms of benefits? 🔀 Yes 🗌 No

If yes, describe.

Additional eligibility explanation:

In addition to meeting NYS's income eligibility and living arrangement eligibility criteria, all applicants for the Cooling Assistance component must have a medical condition, which is exacerbated by heat, and verified by a physician, physician's assistant or nurse practitioner and do not have a working air conditioner that is newer than five years. Applicants are only eligible for a Cooling Assistance benefit once every five years.

NYS does not provide a cash cooling benefit. NYS only provides an air conditioner or fan if medically necessary. NYS will not authorize a HEAP payment for more than \$800 for a single air conditioner/fan. The benefit amount is determined by the actual cost of equipment, material and labor necessary to establish a cooling area and is issued directly to the vendor not to exceed \$800. The benefit is not applied to the client's electric bill, nor is it issued to the client as a cash benefit.

Section 4 – Crisis Assistance

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES August 1987, revised 05/92,02/95,03/96,12/98,11/01 OMB Clearance No.: 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 09/30/2020

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM(LIHEAP) MODEL PLAN SF - 424 – MANDATORY

Section 4: CRISIS ASSISTANCE

Eligibility - 2604(c), 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component

Add	Household Size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	1	State Median Income	60.00%
2	2	State Median Income	60.00%
3	3	State Median Income	60.00%
4	4	State Median Income	60.00%
5	5	State Median Income	60.00%
6	6	State Median Income	60.00%
7	7	State Median Income	60.00%
8	8	State Median Income	60.00%
9	9	State Median Income	60.00%
10	10	State Median Income	60.00%
11	11	State Median Income	60.00%

4.2 Provide your LIHEAP program's definition for determining a crisis.

The definition of a crisis emergency is when loss of heat is imminent. Imminent loss of heat is defined as less than 1/4 tank for oil, kerosene, or propane or less than a ten-day supply for other deliverable fuels, or heat or heat related utility service is scheduled for termination. Any HEAP eligible household's crisis emergency must be resolved within 48 hours from the time of the emergency application.

4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

The definition of life-threatening emergency is when a HEAP applicant or recipient household is without heat or utility service to operate a heating source. Any HEAP eligible household's life-threatening emergency must be resolved within 18 hours from the time of the emergency application.

Crisis Requirement, 2604(c)

4.4 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households? 48Hours

4.5 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations? 18 Hours

Crisis Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.6 Do you have additional eligibility	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
requirements for Crisis Assistance?	

4.7 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each

Do you require an Assets test?	Yes 🗌 No	
Do you give priority in eligibility to:		

Elderly?	Yes 🗌 No
Disabled?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
Young children?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
Households with high energy burdens?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Other?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No

In Order to receive crisis assistance:

Must the household have received a shut-off	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
notice or have a near empty tank?	
Must the household have been shut off or have	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
an empty tank?	
Must the household have exhausted their	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
regular heating benefit?	
Must renters with heating costs included in their	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
rent have received an eviction notice?	
Must heating/cooling be medically necessary?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Must the household have non-working heating	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
or cooling equipment?	
Other?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No

Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

Renters?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
Renters Living in subsidized housing?	Yes 🗌 No
Renters with utilities included in the rent?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No

Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above:

Crisis assistance eligibility criteria:

In addition to verified crisis emergency, as described in Sections 4.2 and 4.3, meeting income, residence, citizenship, living situation, responsibility for heating costs, and providing a valid social security number for all household members, applicants for crisis assistance must have exhausted their Regular benefit, and meet the asset test in order to be eligible.

All applicants and household members for crisis assistance are asset (resource) tested. Applicants for the Emergency benefit component must not have more than \$2000 (or \$3000 if the household contains a member 60 or older) in available liquid resources in order to be eligible. For Heating Equipment Repair and Replacement benefits, all applicants receive a standard resource exclusion of \$3000. Only available liquid resources can be verified using the following: checking account statements, savings statements or bankbooks, stock certificates, bank or dividend statements, savings bonds, and statements from the institution where funds are deposited or managed.

Applicants for the Heating Equipment Repair and Replacement component must meet the income eligibility criteria in addition to having equipment that is unsafe or inoperable, the heating equipment must have been the primary equipment in the 12 months prior to the month of application, and the applicant must own the dwelling and have resided in it for the 12 months prior to the month of application.

Households residing in certain living arrangement categories listed below are only eligible for a maximum annual HEAP Regular benefit of \$21 and are not eligible for Emergency HEAP, with the exception of eligible households in government subsidized housing with heat included in the rent and that pay a supplier directly for heat-related utility service. These households may be eligible for a HEAP heat-related Emergency benefit if such benefit is necessary to resolve the heat-related energy crisis of the household.

The following living arrangements are eligible for \$21 benefit:

- Government subsidized housing with heat included in the rent;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit residential drug or alcoholic treatment facilities;
- Private non-profit residential drug or alcoholic treatment facilities that are authorized as a SNAP retailer by the USDA or are in receipt of a letter from the certifying State agency stating that the facility operates to further the goals of Title XIX;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit enriched housing;
- Publicly operated or State-certified non-profit residential group living facilities serving no more than 16 residents;
- Publicly operated or State-certified private non-profit supervised or supportive living arrangements; and
- State operated community residences.

Note: The income eligibility threshold used for the crisis assistance component for households including 12 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2021.

The income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component for households including 13 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2022.

Applications for the FFY 2021 second and third HEAP Emergency benefits for heat and heat-related emergencies will be accepted statewide effective March 8, 2021 and April 15, 2021 respectively. The second and third Emergency benefit amounts are the same as the first Emergency benefit amounts. Eligibility criteria for the second and third Emergency benefit is the same as the first Emergency benefit. Applicants must have exhausted or have unavailable to them the Regular benefit and the first Emergency benefit, or second Emergency benefit if applicable, in order to be eligible for the second or third Emergency benefit.

Determination of Benefits

4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?

\square	Separate component
	Fast Track
	Other - Describe: If the Regular HEAP component is open and if a household has yet to apply for and receive a Regular benefit, NYS will utilize the Regular benefit to ameliorate an energy emergency. OTDA HEAP policy requires districts take appropriate action to resolve applicant energy related life- threatening or crisis energy emergency, as declared at the time of application for HEAP benefits as follows:
	(1) No later than 18 hours after a household applies for benefits and declares an energy emergency, districts must provide some form of assistance that will resolve the life-threatening energy emergency.
	(2) No later than 48 hours after a household applies for benefits and declares an energy emergency, districts must provide some form of assistance that will resolve the energy emergency.
	If HEAP eligibility cannot be determined within the 18 to 48-hour timeframe and thus the emergency cannot be resolved with the issuance of a HEAP benefit, the district must take at least one of the following actions:
	(1) Referral to Temporary Assistance
	(2) Referral to community resource
	(3) Verify the availability of or access to safe supplemental heat
	Verify access to temporary alternate housing

4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?

	Amount to resolve the crisis.
\square	Other - Describe:
	Amount to resolve the crisis, up to a maximum of \$675.

Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

4.10 Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance	at sites that are geographically accessible
to all households in the area to be served? 🔀 Yes 🗌 No	Explain

Applicants may apply for crisis assistance via a telephone application with the exception of heating equipment repair replacement assistance. There is also a certification network in all districts for walk-in applicants.

4.11 Do you provide individuals who are physically disabled the means to:

Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes?

Yes No Explain

Travel to the sites at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted?

Yes No Explain

If you answered "No" to both options in question 4.11, please explain alternative means of intake to those who are homebound or physically disabled? Applicants may apply for crisis assistance by telephone application with the exception of heating equipment repair replacement assistance. In addition, local districts have homebound unit staff that can travel and assist homebound applicants in their own homes.

Benefit Levels, 2605(c)(1)(B)

4.12 Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.

- Winter Crisis \$675.00 maximum benefit
- Summer Crisis \$0.00 maximum benefit
- Year-round Crisis \$0.00 maximum benefit

4.13 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No If yes, Describe

The districts provide eligible households temporary relocation with a maximum total benefit not to exceed \$500 per program year. The districts must also provide propane tank deposits to eligible households with a maximum total benefit not to exceed \$500 per program year.

4.14 Do you provide for equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds?

🛛 Yes 🗌 No

If you answered "Yes" to question 4.14, you must complete question 4.15.

4.15 Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided.

	Winter Crisis	Summer Crisis	Year-round Crisis
Heating system repair			\square
Heating system replacement			\square
Cooling system repair			
Cooling system replacement			
Wood stove purchase			\square
Pellet stove purchase			\square
Solar panel(s)			
Utility poles / gas line hook-ups			
Other (Specify):			

4.16 Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a moratorium on shut offs? 🖂 Yes 🗌 No

If you responded "Yes" to question 4.16, you must respond to question 4.17.

4.17 Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.

The NYS Public Service Commission (PSC) regulated utilities agree to provide a two-week moratorium around the Christmas and New Year holidays. Additionally, Chapter 106 of the Laws of 2021 (S.1453-B/A.6255-A), extended a moratorium that prevents utility companies from disconnecting utilities to residential households and small businesses that are struggling with their bills due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The statute provides an additional 180 days moratorium upon the suspension of the COVID-19 state of emergency, which was June 24, 2021. Utility companies must offer these customers a deferred payment agreement without fees or penalties on any past-due balance.

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Section 5: WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) - Assurance 2

5.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the Weatherization component

Add	Household Size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	1	State Median Income	60.00%
2	2	State Median Income	60.00%
3	3	State Median Income	60.00%
4	4	State Median Income	60.00%
5	5	State Median Income	60.00%
6	6	State Median Income	60.00%
7	7	State Median Income	60.00%
8	8	State Median Income	60.00%
9	9	State Median Income	60.00%
10	10	State Median Income	60.00%
11	11	State Median Income	60.00%

5.2 Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a
Weatherization component? 🖂 Yes 🗌 No

5.3 If yes, name the agency. NYS Homes and Community Renewal (HCR) and NYS Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA)

5.4 Is there a separate monitoring protocol for weatherization? \boxtimes Yes \square No

WEATHERIZATION - Types of Rules

5.5 Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)

Entirely under LIHEAP (not DOE) rules
Entirely under DOE WAP (not LIHEAP) rules
Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE WAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ
(Check all that apply):
Income Threshold

Weatherization of entire multi-family housing structure is permitted if at least 66% of
units (50% in 2- & 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days
Weatherize shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing
homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities).
Other - Describe:
K Mostly under DOE WAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules
differ (Check all that apply.)
Income Threshold
🛛 Weatherization not subject to DOE WAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling
unit.
Weatherization measures are not subject to DOE Savings to Investment Ration (SIR)
standards.
Other - Describe:
HCR does not have a minimum investment per unit for weatherization, the average cost per unit is
approximately \$7000. NYSERDA measures are not subject to DOE SIR standards.
HCR and NYSERDA give priority to LIHEAP recipients with eligibility limited to households with
incomes at or below 60% of State Median Income or 150% of the Federal Poverty Level, whichever is
higher.

Eligibility, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5

5.6 Do you require an assets test? 🗌 Yes 🖂 No

5.7 Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

Renters	Yes No
Renters living in subsidized housing?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No

5.8 Do you give priority in eligibility to:

Elderly?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Disabled?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Young children?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Households with high energy burdens?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Other?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No

If you selected "Yes" for any of the options in questions 5.6, 5.7, or 5.8, you must provide further explanation of these policies in the text field below.

5.7 In accordance with the US DOE rules, rental building eligibility is limited to those buildings where 66% or more units (or 51% for projects that will realize significant energy savings) are occupied by eligible households. Owners of the rental buildings, that are not themselves income eligible households, must contribute 15-25% of the cost of the work being done for the building to participate. To help maintain affordability in assisted housing, most owners of State and federally subsidized housing are exempt from this required contribution.

5.8 Providers are required to give priority for service to HEAP households with elderly persons, households with children under 18 years of age, households that include persons with disabilities, HEAP recipients with extremely high energy use or high energy burdens, and affordable housing projects assisted HCR and NYSERDA.

Benefit Levels

5.10 If yes, what is the minimum \$0

Types of Assistance, 2605(c)(1), (B) & (D)

5.11 What LIHEAP weatherization measures do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)

Weatherization needs assessments/audits	Energy related roof repair
Caulking and insulation	Major appliance Repairs
Storm windows	🔀 Major appliance replacement
Furnace/heating system modifications/ repairs	Windows/sliding glass doors
Furnace replacement	Doors
Cooling system modifications/ repairs	🖂 Water Heater
Water conservation measures	Cooling system replacement
Compact florescent light bulbs	Other - Describe:
	Electric baseload reduction measures, energy
	related health & safety measures such as smoke
	detectors and ventilation, major appliance
	replacement: replacement of refrigerators only,
	energy related roof repairs: repairs only, no
	replacements; and exterior doors only.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Note: The income eligibility threshold used for weatherization assistance component for households including 12 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2021.

The income eligibility threshold used for the heating component for households including 13 or more members is based on HHS Poverty Guidelines of 150% of the federal poverty level in FFY 2022.

Section 6 – Outreach, 2605(b)(3) - Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)

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Section 6: Outreach, 2605(b)(3) - Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)

6.1 Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

Place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.

Publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.

Include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.

🛛 Mass mailing(s) to prior-year LIHEAP recipients.

Inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low-income programs.

Execute interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.

 \bigcirc Other (specify):

Toll free information hotline operated by NYS OTDA 1-800-342-3009, provides information about the program and printable applications are available on the OTDA internet site when the program is open.

Identification of households potentially eligible for LIHEAP funded weatherization services and assessing the need for identified households.

State and local resources dedicated to implementing mandated outreach plans and program dissemination activities.

Targeted efforts by OTDA, NYSOFA, NYSHCR, NYSERDA and the NYS Department of Health (DOH) to provide program information and access to vulnerable households.

Section 7 - Coordination, 2605(b)(4) - Assurance 4

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Section 7: Coordination, 2605(b)(4) - Assurance

7.1 Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.).

Soint application for multiple programs

Intake referrals to/from other programs

🔀 One - stop intake centers

 \boxtimes Other (specify):

myBenefits provides applicants the ability to jointly apply for both SNAP and HEAP online, when HEAP is open. Individuals can apply for TA, Child Care in lieu of TA, SNAP, MA, Services, including Foster Care, Child Care assistance, and emergency assistance through myBenefits.

Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) - Assurance 6 (Required for state grantees and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

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Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) - Assurance 6 (Required for state grantees and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

8.1 How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?

Administration Agency
Commerce Agency
Community Services Agency
Energy / Environment Agency
Housing Agency
Welfare Agency
Other (specify):

Alternate Outreach and Intake, 2605(b)(15) - Assurance 15

If you selected "Welfare Agency" in question 8.1, you must complete questions 8.2, 8.3, and 8.4, as applicable.

8.2 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for Heating Assistance?

As with other income tested assistance programs administered by NYS OTDA, HEAP is State supervised/locally administered with 58 social service districts (districts) designated as the lead local agencies for outreach, certification and payment. Prior to program start-up, each district must establish a local certification network that provides for an alternative non-district site(s) for a reasonable share of outreach and intake for regular and emergency HEAP assistance. The district may contract with other State or local government entities or community-based organizations to fulfill this mandate. Examples of community-based organizations include not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations, local Offices for the Aging and community action agencies.

NYS will allocate HEAP American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding to assist eligible households of NYS ERAP pay past-due utility account arrearages for unpaid electricity and/or natural gas charges. The Rental Assistance Program assists households that have experienced financial hardship due to COVID-19, that are at risk of homelessness or housing instability and that earn at or below 80 percent of area median income. If HEAP eligible, the household may receive a benefit equal to up to the highest 12 months of unpaid electricity and/or gas utility benefits will be made directly to an eligible household's utility provider. Such arrears may be paid retroactive to March 13, 2020. Eligible households may receive a onetime benefit for natural gas and/or electricity arrearages as documented by their utility vendor. OTDA acceptance of ERAP applications started June 1, 2021. HEAP funded utility arrearage benefits will be provided to eligible applicants through September 30, 2021 or until funds are no longer available.

8.3 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for Cooling Assistance?

As with other income tested assistance programs administered by NYS OTDA, HEAP is State supervised/locally administered with 58 social service districts (districts) designated as the lead local agencies for outreach, certification and payment. Prior to program start-up, each district must establish a local certification network that provides for an alternative non-district site(s) for a reasonable share of outreach and intake for regular and emergency HEAP assistance. The district may contract with other State or local government entities or community-based organizations to fulfill this mandate. Examples of community-based organizations include not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations, local Offices for the Aging and community action agencies.

8.4 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for Crisis Assistance?

As with other income tested assistance programs administered by NYS OTDA, HEAP is State supervised/locally administered with 58 social services districts (districts) designated as the lead local agencies for outreach, certification and payment. Prior to program start-up, each district must establish a local certification network that provides for an alternative non-district site(s) for a reasonable share of outreach and intake for regular and emergency HEAP assistance. The district may contract with other State or local government entities or community-based organizations to fulfill this mandate. Examples of community-based organizations include not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations, local Offices for the Aging and community action agencies.

8.5 LIHEAP Component Administration.	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
8.5a Who determines client eligibility?	Local County Government/State or State Vendor	Local County Government	Local County Government	Other
8.5b Who processes benefit payments to gas and electric vendors?	Local County Government/State or State Vendor	Local County Government	Local County Government	
8.5c who processes benefit payments to bulk fuel vendors?	Local County Government/State or State Vendor	Local County Government	Local County Government	
8.5d Who performs installation of weatherization measures?				Other

If any of your LIHEAP components are not centrally-administered by a state agency, you must complete questions 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, and, if applicable, 8.9.

8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?

Under section 61 of Article 3 of the NYS Social Services Law:

For the purpose of administration of public assistance and care the state shall be divided into county and city social services districts as follows:

1. The city of New York is hereby constituted a city social services district.

2. Each of the counties of the state not included in subdivision one of this section is hereby constituted a county social services district.

As with other income tested programs administered by NYS OTDA, HEAP is State supervised and locally administered with 58 local social services districts (districts) designated as the lead local agencies for outreach, certification, and payment. Prior to program start-up, each district must establish a local certification network that provides for an alternative non-district site(s) for a reasonable share of outreach and intake for regular and emergency HEAP assistance. The district may contract with other State or local government entities or community-based organizations to fulfill this mandate. Examples of community-based organizations include not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations, local Offices for the Aging and community action agencies.

NYS ERAP is State supervised, and vendor administered. The successful vendors were selected through the State procurement process and will administer the program to eligible households.

8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use? 58

8.8 Have you changed any local administering agencies in the last year? 🗌 Yes 🖂 No

8.9 If so, why?

Agency was in noncompliance with grantee requirements for LIHEAP -
Agency is under criminal investigation
Added agency
Agency closed
Other - describe

Section 9 - Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) - Assurance 7U

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Section 9: Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) - Assurance 7

9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

Heating	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Cooling	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Crisis	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
Are there any exceptions?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No

If yes, Describe.

Eligible households who cut their own wood may receive a direct payment if there is reasonable evidence to support that the household has a sufficient supply for the heating season and the household does not have a utility vendor.

9.2 How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?

All applicants are provided with a notice which advises them of their eligibility for the HEAP benefit, the vendor to which the payment was authorized, and the amount paid on their behalf. Local districts have a maximum of 30 business days to notify a client of the eligibility determination from the date of the application.

9.3 How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?

Each home energy vendor must sign a NYS HEAP vendor agreement to participate in both the Regular and Emergency components of HEAP. The vendor agreement provides that the home energy vendor agrees and assures to NYS OTDA to charge HEAP recipients, in the normal billing process, the difference between the cost of the home energy and the amount of the HEAP payment made.

Each home energy vendor must sign a NYS Vendor Participation Agreement to receive HEAP and ERAP funded utility benefits for eligible households. The vendor agreement provides that the home energy

vendor assures NYS OTDA to validate the amount of unpaid applicant arrears and to credit recipient accounts in the normal billing process the amount of the HEAP/ERAP payment received.

9.4 How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?

Each home energy vendor must sign a NYS HEAP vendor agreement to participate in both the Regular and Emergency components of HEAP. The vendor agreement provides that the home energy vendor agrees and assures to NYS OTDA that the households served by the vendor will not be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provision of State law and public regulatory requirements.

9.5. Do you make payments contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households? \Box Yes \boxtimes No

If so, describe the measures unregulated vendors may take.

Section 10 - Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10) - Assurance 10

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Section 10: Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10)

10.1. How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds?

NYS OTDA utilizes fiscal and fund accounting procedures similar to those utilized by the agency and districts in the administration of other income tested programs. Districts are provided with allocations for district payments. All claims by the districts are monitored by NYS OTDA fiscal staff to ensure that allocation levels are not exceeded. The NYS OTDA Welfare Management System (WMS) is used to monitor application activity and benefits authorized outside New York City (NYC). NYC utilizes its own computer system to authorize and pay HEAP benefits and NYC provides reports to NYS OTDA from its system for review.

The use of LIHEAP funds sub allocated to the NYS Homes and Community Renewal (HCR), NYS Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA), and the NYS Office for the Aging (NYSOFA) is governed by Cooperative Agreements which OTDA enters into with these agencies on an annual basis for weatherization and outreach services. The Cooperative Agreements with HCR and NYSERDA require they transmit fiscal reports to OTDA on a quarterly basis that show the amount of LIHEAP funds obligated and expended by category of expenditure.

OTDA conducts periodic reviews of HCR, NYSERDA and NYSOFA's use of LIHEAP funds. OTDA tracks subgrantee awards and obligations and OTDA expenditures on a quarterly basis to ensure that funds are expended within the allowable contract/grant period. These expenditures are gathered from the NYS Statewide Financial System (SFS). The SFS system allows OTDA to run reports showing the sub-grantee activity by federal grant year. OTDA also prepares a weekly funding and obligations report which breaks out spending by components such as heating, crisis, equipment repair/replacement and cooling. Refund checks related to federal grants are first deposited in the NYS Treasury and then checks are issued to the federal government referencing the federal grant and fiscal year.

Audit Process

10.2. Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A - 133? Xes No 10.3. Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited fiscal year.

Finding	Туре	Brief Summary	Resolved	Action Taken
1. 2020 OTDA-	Non-Cost	Annually, as part	Corrective Action	Program will work
004	Reporting	of the preparation	implemented.	with I.T. and Data
		of the annual		Management to
		reporting, the		get a detailed
		Office requests		report of all cases
		necessary data		associated with
		from its third		the Performance
		party vendors		Measures Data
		whom provide		Form each year.
		services to		
		beneficiaries. The		Program will
		Office uploads		review our
		these vendor		Performance Data
		reports into the		Form procedures
		State of New		to ensure that
		York's Welfare		adequate controls
		Management		are in place.
		System (WMS).		
		Based on		
		information from		
		these vendor		
		reports as well as		
		information		
		maintained within		
		WMS, specifically		
		fuel type		
		information,		
		outputs are taken		
		from WMS		
		calculations which		
		management		
		utilizes to		
		complete the		
		annual reporting.		
		While the Office		
		was able to		
		provide the 38		
		underlying vendor		
		reports utilized for		
		the annual		
		reporting period		

No Findings

ending September	
30, 2019, the	
Office was also	
unable to provide	
documentation	
supporting the	
information	
utilized from WMS	
which calculated	
certain key data	
elements.	
Additionally, the	
Office, does not	
have controls in	
place to ensure	
the accuracy of	
the WMS system	
calculations and	
was subsequently	
to reporting	
unable to	
recalculate the	
annual report key	
data elements.	

10.4. Audits of Local Administering Agencies

What types of annual audit requirements do you have in place for local administering agencies/district offices?

Select all that apply.

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit (other than A-133)

Local agencies/district offices' A-133 or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.

Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices

Compliance Monitoring

10.5. Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures: Select all that apply

Grantee employees:

Internal program review

⊠Departmental oversight
Secondary review of invoices and payments
Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe:

Local Administering Agencies / District Offices:

On - site evaluation	
Annual program review	
Monitoring through central database	
🔀 Desk reviews	
Client File Testing / Sampling	
Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe:	

10.6 Explain or attach a copy of your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.

OTDA conducts an operational review that includes but is not limited to: an assessment of pending applications; client and vendor complaints logged by OTDA; client program access; Emergency benefit phone procedures; compliance with the 18-48 hour emergency resolution rules; and compliance with all Heating Equipment Repair and Replacement procedures. Any contracts with alternate certifiers and other agencies performing HEAP related services are also reviewed. OTDA's review period/schedule runs January through April each year.

Social services districts who must have a corrective action plan must submit them to OTDA within 60 days of receipt of notification. OTDA will then monitor elements of the corrective action plan during the next HEAP season.

10.7. Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews.

Site Visits:

Five of the top 10 districts with the largest caseloads are monitored every other year, plus five additional districts on a rotating basis. As part of a district monitoring HEAP Bureau staff conducts an operational review of the district's Home Energy Assistance Program. This includes an assessment of the percentage of early outreach cases received and processed prior to program opening and the overall adherence to processing timeframes for both districts and the alternate certifiers. The operational review also includes but is not limited to: an assessment of pending applications; client and vendor complaints logged by OTDA; client access to application forms; emergency benefit phone procedures; compliance with the 18-48-hour emergency resolution rules; and compliance with all Heating Equipment Repair and Replacement procedures. Any contracts with alternate certifiers and other agencies performing HEAP related services will also be reviewed.

Desk Reviews:

Five of the top 10 districts with the largest caseloads are monitored every other year, plus five additional districts on a rotating basis.

10.8. How often is each local agency monitored?

Top 10 districts every other year, other 48 on a rotating basis.

10.9. What is the combined error rate for eligibility determinations? OPTIONAL

10.10. What is the combined error rate for benefit determinations? OPTIONAL

10.11. How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit **determination issues?** 4 in FFY 2021 and 5 in FFY 2022

10.12. How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues? 0

Section 11 - Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, , 2605(b)(12) - Assurance 12, 2605(c)(2)

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Section 11: Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, 2605(b)(12), 2605(C)(2)

11.1 How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?

Select all that apply.

Tribal Council meeting(s)
Public Hearing(s)
Draft Plan posted to website and available for comment
Hard copy of plan is available for public view and comment
Comments from applicants are recorded
Request for comments on draft Plan is advertised
Stakeholder consultation meeting(s)
Comments are solicited during outreach activities
Other - Describe:
Block Grant Advisory Committee, Interagency Taskforce, Low Income Forum on Energy and the
Weatherization Assistance Policy Advisory Committee.

11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?

The FFY 2021 Regular benefit opening date was moved from the second week in November to November 2, 2020. FFY 2021 benefits were increased for recipients whose heat is included in their rent. The Regular benefit add on provision for households with a vulnerable member and households with income in the Tier 1 income levels has been increased. Program dates for the Heating Equipment Replacement and Clean and Tune components were updated from the first business day in November to the first business day in October.

The FFY 2022 Regular benefit opening date was moved from November 2, 2020 to October 1, 2021.

Public Hearings, 2605(a)(2) - For States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Only

11.3 List the date and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds?

	Date	Event Description
1	08/19/2020 10:00am-12:00pm	WebEx Public Hearing
2	08/19/2020 6:00pm – 8:00pm	WebEx Public Hearing
3	08/20/2020 10:00am-12:00pm	WebEx Public Hearing
4	08/20/2020 6:00pm – 8:00pm	WebEx Public Hearing

11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)? 10

11.5 Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).

A summary of the comments received at the hearings and comments received in writing were attached to the original FFY 2021 state plan when previously submitted.

11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the comments received at the public hearing(s)?

No changes were made to the Plan as a result of comments received during the Public Hearings.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 12 - Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) - Assurance 13

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Section 12: Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) - Assurance 13

12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year? 249 in FFY 2020 and 678 in FFY 2021

12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed? 40 in FFY 2020 and 150 in FFY 2021

12.3 Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings?

None

12.4 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are denied.

Individuals whose applications for HEAP benefits are denied are afforded an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing conducted by the NYS OTDA Office of Administrative Hearings. All client notices, both approval and denial, contain information on how to request a fair hearing. All HEAP applications contain information on how to request a fair hearing.

Households whose applications for ERAP utility assistance are denied may request a review of the decision by OTDA or its contractors through the OTDA ERAP Review Process.

Households whose applications for weatherization assistance with NYSHCR are denied are provided an opportunity for an appeal conducted by NYSHCR through the NYSHCR Appeals Process. Households whose applications for EmPower Program Services with NYSERDA are denied may request a review of the decision by NYSERDA through the NYSERDA Review Process.

12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

When a client first applies for a HEAP benefit, they are informed of their fair hearing rights in their initial eligibility notification. Also, this information is available on OTDA's website, contained in client informational booklets and the HEAP application instructions.

When a client first applies for an ERAP utility benefit, they are informed of their appeals rights in their initial eligibility notification. Also, this information is available on OTDA's website.

Households whose applications for NYSHCR administered weatherization and NYSERDA administered EmPower services are advised of the right to an appeal, conducted by NYSHCR or a review conducted by NYSERDA by the provision of such rights and information as to how to request an appeal or a review through written denial notices.

12.6 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.

Districts are required to make determinations and provide notification of eligibility decisions on applications for Regular HEAP benefits within 30 business days after the filing of such application or within 30 business days of program opening for applications received during the early outreach period. Applications which are incomplete may be pended for up to 10- business days and the pending period is not counted in the 30-business day timeframe for providing notification.

Individuals whose applications for HEAP benefits are not acted upon within the established timeframes are afforded an opportunity for a fair hearing conducted by NYS OTDA.

Households whose applications for weatherization assistance with NYSHCR are not acted upon in a timely manner are provided an opportunity to appeal through the NYSHCR Appeals Process. Households whose applications for EmPower Program services with NYSERDA are not acted upon with reasonable promptness may request a review of the decision by NYSERDA through the NYSERDA Review Process.

12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Applicants are advised of fair hearing rights for applications that are not acted on in a timely manner at the time of the application by the provision of the "Application Rights" language in the application instructions. This information is also on the OTDA website and in the client informational booklets.

Households whose applications for NYSHCR administered weatherization and NYSERDA administered EmPower services are advised of the right to an appeal, conducted by NYSHCR or a review, conducted by NYSERDA by the provision of such rights and information as to how to request an appeal or a review through written denial notices.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 13 - Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) - Assurance 16

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Section 13: Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) - Assurance 16

13.1 Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?

N/A

13.2 How do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

N/A

13.3 Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.

N/A

13.4 Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year. $N\!/\!A$

13.5 How many households applied for these services? N/A

13.6 How many households received these services? N/A

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 14 - Leveraging Incentive Program ,2607A

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Section 14: Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607(A)

14.1 Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program? 🖂 Yes 🗌 No

14.2 Describe instructions to any third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.

Protocol for submission on leveraging activities to OTDA: Submission of data on leveraging activities is due to NYS OTDA by October 15th of each year.

OTDA instructs third parties and/or local agencies to follow the requirements of 45 CFR 96.87(d) in all submissions for the LIHEAP leveraging incentive program. Those requirements are as follows:

d) Basic requirements for leveraged resources and benefits.

(1) In order to be counted under the leveraging incentive program, leveraged resources and benefits must meet all of the following five criteria:

(i) They are from non-federal sources

(ii) They are provided to the grantee's low-income home energy assistance program, or to federally qualified low-income households as described in section 2605(b)(2) of Public Law 97-35 (42 U.S.C. 8624 (b)(2)).

(iii) They are measurable and quantifiable in dollars.

(iv) They represent a net addition to the total home energy resources available to low-income households in excess of the amount of such resources that could be acquired by these households through the purchase of home energy, or the purchase of items that help these households meet the cost of home energy, at commonly available household rates or costs, or that could be obtained with regular LIHEAP allotments provided under section 2602(b) of Public Law 97-35 (42 U.S.C. 8621(b)).

(v) They meet the requirements for countable leveraged resources and benefits throughout this section and section 2607A of Public Law 97-35 (42 U.S.C. 8626(a)).

(2) Also, in order to be counted under the leveraging incentive program, leveraged resources and benefits must meet at least one of the following three criteria:

(i) The grantee's LIHEAP program had an active, substantive role in developing and/or acquiring the resource/benefits from home energy vendor(s) through negotiation, regulation and/or competitive bid. The actions or efforts of one or more staff of the grantee's LIHEAP program- at the central and/or local level- and/or one or more staff of LIHEAP program subrecipient(s) acting in that capacity, were substantial and significant in obtaining the resource/benefits from the vendor(s).

(ii) The grantee appropriated or mandated the resource/benefit for distribution to low-income households through (that is, within and a part of) its LIHEAP program. The resource/benefit are provided through the grantee's LIHEAP program to low-income households eligible under the grantee's LIHEAP standards, in accordance with the LIHEAP statue and regulations and consistent with the grantee's LIHEAP plan and program policies that were in effect during the base period, as if they were provided from the grantee's federal LIHEAP allotment.

(iii) The grantee appropriated or mandated the resource/benefits for distribution to low-income households as described in its LIHEAP Plan (referred to in section 2605(c)(1)(A) of Public Law 97-35) (42 U.S.C. 8642(c)(1)(A)). The resource/benefits are provided to low-income households as a supplement and/or alternative to the grantee's LIHEAP program, outside (that is, not through, within, or as part of) the LIHEAP program. The resource/benefits are integrated and coordinated with the grantee's LIHEAP program. Before the end of the base period, the Plan identifies and describes the resource/benefits, their source(s), and their integration/coordination with the LIHEAP program. The Department will determine resources/benefits to be integrated and coordinated with the LIHEAP program if they meet at least one of the eight conditions. If a resource meets at least one of conditions A through F when the grantee's LIHEAP program is operating (and meets all other applicable requirements), the resource also is countable when the LIHEAP program is not operating.

Resource	What is the type	What is the	How will the resource be integrated and
	of resource or benefit?	source(s) of the resource?	coordinated with LIHEAP?
1	Weatherization	NYSHCR, NYSERDA	Program (WAP). Owners of rental buildings that are not themselves income-eligible must contribute 15-25% of the cost of the work being done for the building to participate. In addition to multi-family building owner contributions, primary sources for leveraged funds include: the NYSERDA EmPower Multi-family Performance and "Green Jobs/Green NY" programs; and, Utility programs financed through the Clean Energy Fund (CEF) (Case14-M-0094), the Low and Moderate Income (LMI) Case 14-M-0565) and the Reforming the Energy Vision (REV) (Case 14-M-0101) proceedings.

14.3 For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. § 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

Resource	What is the type of resource or benefit?	What is the source(s) of the resource?	How will the resource be integrated and coordinated with LIHEAP?
2	Non-public fuel funds to assist with utility bills	All Public Service Commission (PSC)regulated utility companies in NYS	All PSC-regulated utilities in NYS operate non- public funded fuel funds to assist their service territory population with payments of energy bills. These resources are targeted to HEAP eligible households that have exhausted their HEAP eligibility or are ineligible because of the unavailability of LIHEAP funding.
3	Low-Income Customer Assistance Plans	NYS Utility Companies	Several NYS utility companies have recently implemented low-income customer assistance plans. The plans consist of two components: rate moderation and uncollectable initiatives, including a negotiated percentage of income plan, coupled with an arrearage forgiveness arrangement.
4	Reduce energy costs through aggregation	NYS OTDA & NYS PSC	In conjunction with various local social services districts and the National Fuel Gas distribution corporation, NYS has established the Temporary Assistance Cooperative for Energy (PACE) program. PACE is a natural gas aggregation program for certain TA recipients in Erie, Chautauqua and Niagara counties in NY. The programs objective is to provide the benefits of competition to low-income payment troubled customers by offering the opportunity to reduce energy costs through aggregation.
5	Fuel buying component	NYS OTDA	OTDA has established a HEAP fuel buying component in NYS. The purpose of this component is to expand the buying power of LIHEAP dollars by obtaining a lower than retail price for HEAP purchased oil, kerosene and propane. This discounted price materially enhances the purchasing power of LIHEAP eligible households.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 15 – Training

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Section 15: Training

15.1 Describe the training you provide for each of the following groups:

a. Grantee Staff:

Formal training on grantee policies and procedures
How often?
Annually
Biannually
🔀 As needed
Other - Describe:
Employees are provided with policy manual
Other-Describe:
TA/SNAP Institutes, online Training Modules, as well as in person training with OTDA Training staff
and HEAP Program staff.

b. Local Agencies:

Formal training conference
How often?
Annually
Biannually
🔀 As needed
Other - Describe:
Local Commissioner Memoranda (LCM), Information Letters (INF), and General Information System
(GIS) Messages, Online Training Modules, and online Eligibility and Certification Training (ECT).
On-site training
How often?
Annually
Biannually
🔀 As needed
Other - Describe:
Employees are provided with policy manual
Other - Describe:

c. Vendors

Formal training conference
How often?
Annually
Biannually
🔀 As needed
Other - Describe: Vendor conference calls
Policies communicated through vendor agreements
Policies are outlined in a vendor manual
🔀 Other - Describe:
Vendor update newsletter

15.2 Does your training program	address fraud reporting and	l prevention? 🔀 Yes 🗌 No
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If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 16 - Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b)

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Section 16: Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b) - Required for States Only

16.1 Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframes and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

OTDA's performance measurement (PM) implementation plan includes both short and long-term strategies for complete, accurate and timely reporting of LIHEAP Performance data. Over the past three years OTDA has made incremental program changes to achieve this.

OTDA executed vendor agreement addendums in support of PM. The provisions of the addendum included the requirement that vendors collect and securely transmit to OTDA the data required for the completion of PM reporting. OTDA will add an additional 5 vendors in the 2019-2020 PM reporting, and an additional 1 vendor for the 2020-2021 PM reporting. Expanding the vendor pool beyond the required minimum increases the volume of data returned, providing more statistically valid results.

Vendors were provided with additional data, tools, and instruction to improve return data accuracy. Each vendor's return file from 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 were evaluated for the number of customers with return data, and as well as the reporting of crisis and life-threatening emergencies. Data system enhancements were made to capture customers' domestic electric vendor information, as well as a method to capture and track crisis and life-threatening emergency situations. This approach will permit OTDA to continue to report systematically validated vendor provided data.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 17 - Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)

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LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM(LIHEAP) MODEL PLAN SF - 424 – MANDATORY

Section 17: Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)

17.1 Fraud Reporting Mechanisms

a. Describe all mechanisms available to the public for reporting cases of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse. Select all that apply.

Online Fraud Reporting
Dedicated Fraud Reporting Hotline
Report directly to local agency/district office or Grantee office
Report to State Inspector General or Attorney General
Forms and procedures in place for local agencies/district offices and vendors to report fraud,
waste, and abuse.
Other - Describe:

b. Describe strategies in place for advertising the above-referenced resources. Select all that apply

Printed outreach materials
Addressed on LIHEAP application
🔀 Website
Other - Describe:
The New York State What You Should Know About Your Rights and Responsibilities (When Applying
for or Receiving Benefits) (LDSS-4148A) provides this information as well.

17.2. Identification Documentation Requirements

a. Indicate which of the following forms of identification are required or requested to be collected from LIHEAP applicants or their household members.

	Collected from	Collected from All	Collected from All
	Applicant Only	Adults in Household	Household Members
Social Security Card is	Required	Required	Required
photocopied and retained	Requested	Requested	Requested
Social Security Number (Without	🔀 Required	🛛 Required	🔀 Required
actual Card)	Requested	Requested	Requested

Government-issued identification	Required	Required	🔀 Required
card (i.e.: driver's license, state	Requested	Requested	Requested
ID, Tribal ID, passport, etc.)			

	Other	Applicant	Applicant	All Adults	All Adults	All	All
		Only	Only	in	in	Household	Household
		Required	Requested	Household	Household	Members	Members
				Required	Requested	Required	Requested
1							

b. Describe any exceptions to the above policies.

17.3 Identification Verification

Describe what methods are used to verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients or household members. Select all that apply

Verify SSNs with Social Security Administration
Match SSNs with death records from Social Security Administration or state agency
Match SSNs with state eligibility/case management system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
Match with state Department of Labor system
Match with state and/or federal corrections system
Match with state child support system
Verification using private software (e.g., The Work Number)
In-person certification by staff (for tribal grantees only)
Match SSN/Tribal ID number with tribal database or enrollment records (for tribal grantees only)
Other - Describe:
An electronic clearance process through WMS is used to verify identity with the documentation
provided by the applicant.

17.4. Citizenship/Legal Residency Verification

What are your procedures for ensuring that household members are U.S. citizens or aliens who are qualified to receive LIHEAP benefits? Select all that apply.

Clients sign an attestation of citizenship or legal residency		
Client's submission of Social Security cards is accepted as proof of legal residency		
Noncitizens must provide documentation of immigration status		
Citizens must provide a copy of their birth certificate, naturalization papers, or passport		
Noncitizens are verified through the SAVE system		
Tribal members are verified through Tribal enrollment records/Tribal ID card		
Other - Describe:		
The HEAP Application allows applicants to attest to their citizenship status. The application is signed		
by the applicant.		

17.5. Income Verification

What methods does your agency utilize to verify household income? Select all that apply.

Require documentation of income for all adult household members	
🛛 Pay stubs	
Social Security award letters	
Bank statements	
Tax statements	
Zero-income statements	
Unemployment Insurance letters	
Other - Describe:	
Statement from individuals who provide regular cash support.	

Computer data matches:		
Income information matched against state computer system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)		
Proof of unemployment benefits verified with state Department of Labor		
Social Security income verified with SSA		
Utilize state directory of new hires		
Other - Describe:		
Statement from individuals who provide regular cash support.		
The Work Number.		

17.6. Protection of Privacy and Confidentiality

Describe the financial and operating controls in place to protect client information against improper use or disclosure. Select all that apply.

Policy in place prohibiting release of information without written consent		
Grantee LIHEAP database includes privacy/confidentiality safeguards		
Employee training on confidentiality for:		
Grantee employees		
Local agencies/district offices		
Employees must sign confidentiality agreement		
Grantee employees		
Local agencies/district offices		
Physical files are stored in a secure location		
Other - Describe:		
All personally identifying information about a HEAP applicant or recipient is confidential and may be		
disclosed only for purposes of investigating or prosecuting suspected fraud or abuse, in cooperation		
with federal or State authorities regarding LIHEAP audits or investigations, or with the written consent		
of the applicant or recipient.		

17.7. Verifying the Authenticity

What policies are in place for verifying vendor authenticity? Select all that apply.

All vendors must register with the State/Tribe.		
All vendors must supply a valid SSN or TIN/W-9 form		
Vendors are verified through energy bills provided by the household		
Grantee and/or local agencies/district offices perform physical monitoring of vendors		
Other - Describe and note any exceptions to policies above:		

17.8. Benefits Policy - Gas and Electric Utilities

What policies are in place to protect against fraud when making benefit payments to gas and electric utilities on behalf of clients? Select all that apply.

Applicants required to submit proof of physical residency
Applicants must submit current utility bill
🔀 Data exchange with utilities that verifies:
Account ownership
Consumption
Balances
Payment history
Account is properly credited with benefit
Other - Describe:
Centralized computer system/database tracks payments to all utilities
Centralized computer system automatically generates benefit level
Separation of duties between intake and payment approval
Payments coordinated among other energy assistance programs to avoid duplication of payments
Payments to utilities and invoices from utilities are reviewed for accuracy
Computer databases are periodically reviewed to verify accuracy and timeliness of payments
made to utilities
Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
Procedures are in place to require prompt refunds from utilities in cases of account closure
Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
Other - Describe:
Conduct monitoring of Gas and Electric Utilities.

17.9. Benefits Policy - Bulk Fuel Vendors

What procedures are in place for averting fraud and improper payments when dealing with bulk fuel suppliers of heating oil, propane, wood, and other bulk fuel vendors? Select all that apply.

ig ig Vendors are checked against an approved vendors list
Centralized computer system/database is used to track payments to all vendors
Clients are relied on for reports of non-delivery or partial delivery

Two-party checks are issued naming client and vendor
Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
Vendors are only paid once they provide a delivery receipt signed by the client
Conduct monitoring of bulk fuel vendors
Bulk fuel vendors are required to submit reports to the Grantee
Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
🔀 Other - Describe:
Conduct monitoring of Bulk Fuel Vendors.

17.10. Investigations and Prosecutions

Describe the Grantee's procedures for investigating and prosecuting reports of fraud, and any sanctions placed on clients/staff/vendors found to have committed fraud. Select all that apply.

Refer to state Inspector General		
Refer to local prosecutor or state Attorney General		
Refer to US DHHS Inspector General (including referral to OIG hotline)		
🔀 Local agencies/district offices or Grantee conduct investigation of fraud complaints from public		
Grantee attempts collection of improper payments. If so, describe the recoupment process		
Districts are required to recover improper payments made to vendors or recipients through all legally		
enforceable methods.		
Clients found to have committed fraud are banned from LIHEAP assistance. For how long is a		
household banned?		
Contracts with local agencies require that employees found to have committed fraud are		
reprimanded and/or terminated		
Vendors found to have committed fraud may no longer participate in LIHEAP		
Other - Describe:		

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 18: Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.

3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

4. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

5. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

6. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

7. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled ``Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary

Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

8. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions

(1) The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded by any Federal department or agency;

(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

(d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

(2) Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or had become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

4. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meaning set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, [[Page 33043]] should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled ``Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction,'' without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions, unless it knows

that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility an Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions

(1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.

(2) Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Section 19: Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

Section 19: Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

This certification is required by the regulations implementing the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988: 45 CFR Part 76, Subpart, F. Sections 76.630(c) and (d)(2) and 76.645(a)(1) and (b) provide that a Federal agency may designate a central receipt point for STATE-WIDE AND STATE AGENCY-WIDE certifications, and for notification of criminal drug convictions. For the Department of Health and Human Services, the central pint is: Division of Grants Management and Oversight, Office of Management and Acquisition, Department of Health and Human Services, Room 517-D, 200 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20201.

Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements (Instructions for Certification)

1. By signing and/or submitting this application or grant agreement, the grantee is providing the certification set out below.

2. The certification set out below is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed when the agency awards the grant. If it is later determined that the grantee knowingly rendered a false certification, or otherwise violates the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act, the agency, in addition to any other remedies available to the Federal Government, may take action authorized under the Drug-Free Workplace Act.

3. For grantees other than individuals, Alternate I applies.

4. For grantees who are individuals, Alternate II applies.

5. Workplaces under grants, for grantees other than individuals, need not be identified on the certification. If known, they may be identified in the grant application. If the grantee does not identify the workplaces at the time of application, or upon award, if there is no application, the grantee must keep the identity of the workplace(s) on file in its office and make the information available for Federal inspection. Failure to identify all known workplaces constitutes a violation of the grantee's drug-free workplace requirements

6. Workplace identifications must include the actual address of buildings (or parts of buildings) or other sites where work under the grant takes place. Categorical descriptions may be used (e.g., all vehicles of a mass transit authority or State highway department while in operation, State employees in each local unemployment office, performers in concert halls or radio studios).

7. If the workplace identified to the agency changes during the performance of the grant, the grantee shall inform the agency of the change(s), if it previously identified the workplaces in question (see paragraph five).

8. Definitions of terms in the Nonprocurement Suspension and Debarment common rule and Drug-Free Workplace common rule apply to this certification. Grantees' attention is called, in particular, to the following definitions from these rules:

Controlled substance means a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined by regulation (21 CFR 1308.11 through 1308.15);

Conviction means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes;

Criminal drug statute means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use, or possession of any controlled substance;

Employee means the employee of a grantee directly engaged in the performance of work under a grant, including: (i) All direct charge employees; (ii) All indirect charge employees unless their impact or involvement is insignificant to the performance of the grant; and, (iii) Temporary personnel and consultants who are directly engaged in the performance of work under the grant and who are on the grantee's payroll. This definition does not include workers not on the payroll of the grantee (e.g., volunteers, even if used to meet a matching requirement; consultants or independent contractors not on the grantee's payroll; or employees of subrecipients or subcontractors in covered workplaces).

Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

Alternate I. (Grantees Other Than Individuals)

The grantee certifies that it will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

(a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;

(b) Establishing an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about -

(1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

- (2) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
- (3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

(4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;

c) Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph (a);

(d) Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph (a) that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will –

(1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and

(2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;

(e) Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

(f)Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted -(1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

(2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;

(g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

(B) The grantee may insert in the space provided below the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the specific grant:

Address Line 1	40 North Pearl Street
Address Line 2	
Address Line 3	
City	Albany
State	NY
Zip Code	12243

Place of Performance (Street address, city, county, state, zip code)

Check if there are workplaces on file that are not identified here.

Alternate II. (Grantees Who Are Individuals)

(a) The grantee certifies that, as a condition of the grant, he or she will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance in conducting any activity with the grant;

(b) If convicted of a criminal drug offense resulting from a violation occurring during the conduct of any grant activity, he or she will report the conviction, in writing, within 10 calendar days of the conviction, to every grant officer or other designee, unless the Federal agency designates a central point for the receipt of such notices. When notice is made to such a central point, it shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant.

[55 FR 21690, 21702, May 25, 1990]

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Section 20: Certification Regarding Lobbying

Section 20: Certification Regarding Lobbying

The submitter of this application certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, ``Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Statement for Loan Guarantees and Loan Insurance

The undersigned states, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

If any funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, ``Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,'' in accordance with its instructions. Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Assurances

Assurances

use the funds available under this title to-

(A) conduct outreach activities and provide assistance to low income households in meeting their home energy costs, particularly those with the lowest incomes that pay a high proportion of household income for home energy, consistent with paragraph (5);

(B) intervene in energy crisis situations;

(C) provide low-cost residential weatherization and other cost-effective energy-related home repair; and

(D)plan, develop, and administer the State's program under this title including leveraging programs, and the State agrees not to use such funds for any purposes other than those specified in this title;

(2) make payments under this title only with respect to-

(A) households in which one or more individuals are receiving-

(i) assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act;

- (ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or

(iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or

(B) households with incomes which do not exceed the greater of -

(i) an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or

(ii) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;

(except that a State may not exclude a household from eligibility in a fiscal year solely on the basis of household income if such income is less than 110 percent of the poverty level for such State, but the State may give priority to those households with the highest home energy costs or needs in relation to household income.

(3) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or disabled individuals, or both, and households with high home energy burdens, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under this services block grant program) or under any

other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the State may not differentiate in implementing this section between the households described in clauses 2(A) and 2(B) of this subsection;

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, to give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that –

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly, establish procedures to -

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;

(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) ensure that the provision of vendor payments remains at the option of the State in consultation with local grantees and may be contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households, including providing for agreements between suppliers and individuals eligible for benefits under this Act that seek to reduce home energy costs, minimize the risks of home energy crisis, and encourage regular payments by individuals receiving financial assistance for home energy costs;

(8) provide assurances that,

(A) the State will not exclude households described in clause (2)

(B) of this subsection from receiving home energy assistance benefits under clause (2), and(B) the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that—

(A) the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the funds payable to such State under this title for a fiscal year; and

(B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining cost (except for the costs of the activities described in paragraph (16));

(10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursal of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that the State will comply with the provisions of chapter 75 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the "Single Audit Act");

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c);

(13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness; and

(14) cooperate with the Secretary with respect to data collecting and reporting under section 2610.

(15) * beginning in fiscal year 1992, provide, in addition to such services as may be offered by State Departments of Public Welfare at the local level, outreach and intake functions for crisis situations and heating and cooling assistance that is administered by additional State and local governmental entities or community-based organizations (such as community action agencies, area agencies on aging and not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations), and in States where such organizations do not administer functions as of September 30, 1991, preference in awarding grants or contracts for intake services shall be provided to those agencies that administer the low-income weatherization or energy crisis intervention programs.

* This assurance is applicable only to States, and to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments exceed \$200,000. Neither territories with annual allotments of \$200,000 or less nor Indian tribes/tribal organizations are subject to Assurance 15.

(16) use up to 5 percent of such funds, at its option, to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance, including needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors, and report to the Secretary concerning the impact of such activities on the number of households served, the level of direct benefits provided to those households, and the number of households that remain unserved.

Plan Attachments

PLAN ATTACHMENTS

- Delegation Letter is required if someone other than the Governor or Chairman Certified this Report.
- Heating component benefit matrix, if applicable
- Cooling component benefit matrix, if applicable
- Minutes, notes, or transcripts of public hearing(s).

2021-2022 HEAP Benefit Levels					
2021-2022 Heat Included Benefit Levels					
Heat and Eat Benefit					
Tier II Benefit					
Tier I Benefit	\$50				
2021-2022 Direct Heating Base Benefit Levels					
Regular - Utility*	\$350				
Regular - Deliverable*	\$675				
Regular - Wood*	\$525				
Regular - Arrears Supplement	**				
Emergency - Electric & Gas	\$490				
Emergency - Natural Gas					
Emergency - Domestic Utility	\$140				
Emergency - Deliverable	\$675				
Emergency - Wood	\$525				
*Households with a vulnerable member receive an additional \$35 in the regular benefit calculation. Income Tier I households receive an additional \$41 in the regular benefit calculation. Eligible households may receive either or both add-ons. This is a \$10 increase from 2020-2021 for the income tier I add on.					
** Eligible recipient HEAP and ERAP households may receive a onetime benefit based on unpaid gas and/or electric utility arrears as verified by the utility provider.					

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2021-2022 Home Energy Assistance Program Desk Guide

INCOME ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES*			INELIGIBLE LIVING SITUATIONS					
HH Size	Tierl	Tierll		Households in the following living situations are not eligible				
1	0 - 1,395	1,396 - 2,72	9	Individuals paying room or room and board in a private residence				
2	0 - 1,887	1,888 - 3,56	9	 Individuals temporarily housed in a motel or hotel or recreational vehicle 				
3	0 - 2,379	2,380 - 4,40	9	Dormitories, agency boarding homes, groups or institutions (licensed and unlicensed) except those listed below				
4	0 - 2,871	2,872 - 5,24	.9	Migrant or seasonal farm workers with no heating or heat-related expenses				
5	0 - 3,363	3,364 - 6,08	8	 Individuals who have no respon 	sibilit	ties for heating costs and do not make payments	for heat in the form of rent	
6	0 - 3,855	3,856 - 6,92	8	 Individuals living in roadworthy 	noto	or vehicles or vans		
7	0 - 4,346	4,347 - 7,08	6	 Residents of government provided housing on military bases with no heating or heat related expenses 				
8	0 - 4,838	4,839-7,24	.3	Households in the following living situations may be eligible for \$21 benefit. See <u>HEAP Manual</u> for eligibility criteria				
9	0 - 5,330	5,331 - 7,40)1	 Tenants of government subsidiz 	edh	ousing with heat included in rent. Households th	at pay heat-related electricity may be eligible for	
10	0 - 5,822	5,823 - 7,558		emergency benefits.		-		
11	0 - 6,314	6,315 - 7,715		 Residents in specific group living 	j situ	ations. See <u>HEAP Manual</u> for specific WMS Co	des/living situations.	
12	0 - 6,806	6,807 - 7,87		 NYSNIP participants with Shelter 	er Co	odes 96 or 97		
13	0 - 7297	7,298 - 8,42	20					
14+	+492**	+568**						
Categori	cal Eligibility: A	household is c	ategorica	ly income eligible (Tier I) if at least on	e me	mber of the HEAP household is in receipt of recu	urring FA, SN, SNAP, or Code A SSI benefits.	
*Convert	weekly income to	monthly by mu	Itiplying in	come by 4.333333 / *Convert bi-wee	klyin	come to monthly by multiplying income by 2.166	666.	
** Amount	tincreased per h	ousehold mem	ber.					
					DC	DCUMENTATION		
	Residence			Social Security Number		Income	Identity	
	Current Rent Receipt with name and			alid Social Security Number must	•	Pay Stubs for the most recent four (4) weeks	Provide one of the following:	
address		be	provided for all household members	•	Business records for the most recent (3)	Driver's License		
	Statement from Landlord					months OR filed federal tax return for the	Photo ID	
Utility Bill			Vendor Relationship		current year, including all applicable schedules if self-employed or receiving rental	 US Passport or Naturalization Certificate Adoption Papers, Hospital or Doctor's Records 		
Copy of Lease with address Water, Sewage or Tax Bill A		• A Cu	rrent Utility or Fuel Bill		income	Adoption Papers, hospital or Doctor's Records School Records		
ridior, contago or rux bill			teral Contact with Utility or Fuel	•	Child support or alimony/spousal support	• School Records OR		
Mortgage Payment Book or Receipts			mpany		order or check	Provide two of the following:		
	with address				•	Interest/Bank/Dividend or Tax Statement	 Birth Certificate or Baptismal certificate 	
	Warddaress				Copy of award letter or official	 Validated Social Security Card 		
						correspondence (SS/SSI/SSD, VA, UIB, WC,	 Statement from another person 	
Age-under 6 years or 60 or older Disabled			Pensions, etc.)	CITIZENSHIP ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA				
Birth Certificate SSA Award Letter			SDX SOLQ					
		ten Statement of Eligibility for	•	OULQ	 Applicant attestation 			
Passport Benefits								
 Driver's 	Driver's License SOLQ							
This desk guide is intended as a reference and must be used in conjunction with policy and procedures established by OTDA and the HEAP Manual.								

LDSS-5005 (Rev.7/21)

Electric Heat

2021-2022 Home Energy Assistance Program Desk Guide

Temporary Relocation: Maximum of \$500 per program year

X			
	REGULA	AR HEAP	
DELIVERABLE FUELS (Oil,	Kerosene, Propane)	ADD ON AMOUNTS The following amounts are added to the base benefit, if applicable	
BASE BENEFI	T=\$675	+ \$41 for Tier I Household + \$35 for Vulnerable Member in Household	
DELIVERABLE FUELS (Woo	d, Pellets, Coal, Corn)		
BASE BENEFI	T=\$525		
UTILITIES/MUNICIPALI (Natural Gas, PSC Regulated Utilities		HEAT INCLUDED BENEFITS	
BASE BENEFI	T=\$350	Tier I = \$50 Tier II = \$45 Heat and Eat = \$21	
	EMERGE	NCYHEAP	
Income Guidelines		Customer of Record	
The maximum eligibility guidelines are utilized. A ho placed in Tier I if at least one member of the HEAP SNAP, or Code A SSI.		Applicant must meet customer of record requirements.	
Resources		Residence	
All available liquid resources must be explored. Ap liquid resources in excess of \$2000 (or \$3000 if the older) for heat/heat-related emergencies. The <u>HEA</u> exemptions.	household contains a member age 60 or	The applicant must currently reside in the dwelling for which assistance is requested and the residence must be the applicant's primary residence.	
Benefits			
Utility Emergencies (Heat Each utility benefit ensures a minimum of th		Non-Utility Heating Emergencies	
Category	Benefit	Oil, Kerosene, Propane: A one-time benefit of \$675 is authorized	
Heat-Related Domestic	\$140	Wood, Pellets, Coal, Corn, Other: A one-time benefit of \$525 is authorized	
Natural Gas Heat Only	\$350		
Natural Gas Heat Combined with Heat-Related Domestic	\$490	Propane Tank Installation and Deposit: Maximum of \$500 per program year	

\$490

2021-2022 Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP)

Needs Assessment

Summary of Comments

Written, faxed or e-mailed comments on the development of the 2021-2022 New York State (NYS) Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) State Plan were accepted by the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA) from March 22, 2021 through April 23, 2021. The following provides a summary of the comments received by OTDA.

Energy Efficiency for All New York

Sonal Jessel, MPH, Director of Policy, WE ACT for Environmental Justice

Laura D. Mascuch, Executive Director, Supportive Housing Network of New York

Sophia Longsworth, M.Sc, Natural Resource & Environmental Management (2013) MPH, Environmental & Occupational Health (2010)

Jessica Azulay, Executive Director, Alliance for a Green Economy

Anthony Buissereth, Executive Director, North Brooklyn Neighbors

Kevin Collins, Executive Director, Doctors Council

Nella Pineda-Marcon, BSN, RN-BC, Director at Large; Chair of the Climate Justice and Disaster Relief Committee, New York State Nurses Association

Dr. Kim Knowlton, Assistant Professor, Environmental Health Sciences, Columbia University's Mailman School of Public Health, Senior Scientist, Natural Resources Defense Council

Daphany Rose Sanchez, Executive Director, Kinetic Communities Consulting Corporation

- Increase Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Cooling Assistance Component (CAC) funding for the New York City (NYC) social services district: Allocate a significant portion of the NYS portion of the American Rescue Plan (ARP) HEAP funding (\$4.5B nationwide) to cover utility bill assistance for the cooling assistance program in the summer months.
- Expansion of benefits to include utility assistance: A small benefit of \$40/month from May to September can help to ensure that New Yorkers facing energy insecurity have the financial means to use their air conditioners thereby minimizing heat illness and death rates.
- Simplify or eliminate medical documentation requirements: The requirement for medical

documentation is unique to cooling assistance benefits, other HEAP benefits are entirely means-based.

Jennifer Leisure, Senior Program Manager, Center for NYC Neighborhoods

Suggests:

- Increase funding for cooling assistance and provide the option for the cooling benefit to go to the household to pay for the additional electricity costs.
- Expand the online HEAP application to NYC residents.
- Improve program instructions for applicants. Develop a clear list of required documents for all HEAP applicants and services and provide clear and upfront direction on how to get help with an application, specifically how to reach a HEAP office and how to request a home visit for homebound applicants on the website.
- Update the program's main website, focusing on making a new iteration where all language is clear, in plain English, and with no room for misunderstanding regardless of a reader's education level. All client-facing materials should be consistently presented at an 8th grade reading level.
- Streamline the application process by reducing documentation requirements and allowing utilities to automatically enroll HEAP applicants.
- Integrate client data across agencies and authorities.
- Switch eligibility from State Median Income to Area Median Income.
- Allow cleaner fuels when replacing equipment.
- Base electrical benefits on county electric rates.
- Provide year-round staff for programmatic assistance.

Public Utility Law Project of New York:

Laurie Wheelock, Deputy Director and Counsel

Sam Faduski, Senior Staff Attorney for Western New York

Laura Wharton, Legal Aide for Long Island

Richard Berkley, Executive Director

- OTDA should study, review, and report publicly whether applications for HEAP and E-HEAP have dropped, remained the same, or increased during the pandemic. The study should identify and resolve whatever barriers existed when applying for and receiving HEAP, E-HEAP, or the ancillary programs during Year 1 of the pandemic and economic crisis.
- The State's annual HEAP plan needs to be updated and monitored to help the State meet the clean energy targets set by the Climate Leadership and Community Protection Act (CLCPA).
- The base annual HEAP benefit amounts must be monitored and modified over time to support the goals of the CLCPA.
- HEAP's Furnace Replacement and the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority's (NYSERDA's) EmPower Program should be combined.
- Combining MyBenefits.ny.gov with other agencies, departments, and authorities' lowincome, energy efficiency and weatherization programs.
- Allow households in subsidized housing to be eligible for cooling assistance that may be used as a discount on the air-conditioning bill.
- Supplemental Security Income recipients should be automatically enrolled.
- Emergency HEAP recipients should have a priority in receiving assisted referrals to weatherization agencies.
- Notify consumers by telephone, mail, or email receiving "renter's HEAP" when it is placed on their EBT card.
- OTDA should direct local departments of social services (districts) to allow individuals to apply for HEAP year-round, as a letter confirming income eligibility, even without the ability to provide the actual grant, could allow the individual to self-enroll in their utility provider's monthly discount program.
- An internal escalation process should be established to resolve application issues quickly. This process should be well-known throughout OTDA and districts and must empower workers at all levels to resolve issues that could block an application from being accepted.
- The State HEAP Plan should state in unequivocal language that there should be no limitations on how many applications a district can receive on a given day. Permit districts to continue to accept applications with copies of verification materials via locked drop boxes.
- OTDA should be required to provide statistics regarding the size of the eligible HEAP population and the number of eligible households receiving a grant.

- Remove requirement for a government-issued I.D.
- Update staff guidance so that caseworkers affirmatively ask applicants if they have a protective order in place due to intimate partner/domestic violence.
- HEAP should be more prominent on the OTDA website and OTDA should actively advertise the opening/closing of HEAP, E-HEAP, "Clean and Tune" application periods via radio, television and print media in the ten economic development zones of the State.
- All regular HEAP payments should go to the current season's bills and should not be applied to amounts in abeyance or to arrears.

Steven Banks, Commissioner, New York City Department of Social Services

Dave A Chokshi, MD, MSc, Commissioner, New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Jainey Bavishi, Director, NYC Mayor's Office of Resiliency

- Increased funding for CAC to meet the increasing demand for cooling assistance required to keep people safe in their homes, including additional funding to the New York City social services district. These additional funds can come from the \$431.7 million in supplemental Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) funds appropriated through the 2021 American Rescue Plan.
- LIHEAP Plan should provide a \$200 cash cooling benefit to each eligible household as well as expanding the season to include September.
- The expansion of NYS HEAP CAC eligibility to include households receiving federal housing subsidies should be made permanent.
- Supports the continuation of the flat-rate structure for the regular heating benefit.
- Supports maximizing HEAP grant accessibility to both the Cash Assistance and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program populations through an ongoing automatic payment component.
- Supports the autopay component that allows New York City to provide HEAP grants in a timelier, more cost-effective manner by reducing the expense of processing grants and by subsidizing the cost of processing manual applications.
- The following sources be excluded when calculating household income: Unemployment Insurance Benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Federal Work Study, and Veterans Assistance.
- Applicants be permitted to self-attest to the items that cannot be readily verified such as income and resources.

- The State amend Sections 3.3, 3.4, and 3.7 to no longer require verifying documentation "by a physician, physician's assistant or nurse practitioner' as an additional eligibility requirement for a HEAP Cooling Assistance Component benefit to obtain an air conditioner.
- Supports the early outreach for Heating Assistance for individuals who have a vulnerable member in the household and ask that this early outreach be expanded for Cooling Assistance as well.
- "Priority in Eligibility" for Heating Assistance be expanded to include within the "other" category, individuals who have documented medical needs.
- "Priority in Eligibility" for Cooling Assistance be expanded to include elderly individuals, individuals with disabilities, and families with young children in the household.
- The State increase funding for the program in order to increase the HEAP benefit amount schedules, so long as such increases will not reduce the number of eligible people HEAP can serve.
- The State allow individuals who received a regular benefit to apply for the emergency benefits, including applying for heating equipment repair replacement assistance, by telephone.
- Applications for HEAP heating and cooling benefits be accepted over the telephone and that telephonic signatures be permitted where the State has approved the process.
- OTDA permit applications for all of the HEAP components by telephone with telephonic signatures.
- Continue opening the program for the early outreach during the month of August for the heating season.
- The State inform the districts of program changes allowing at least 60 days to plan and make the necessary program modifications such as update systems, revise forms, update notices and revise procedures.

Jetaun Jones, MBA, Operations Director, Friends Inc.

Suggests:

- Increase the income guidelines.
- Set up signup tables at local community centers.

Christine Janikowski, Energy Program Coordinator, Erie County

- Begin early outreach mailout earlier, and open the program to the public in October, instead of November.
- Make the regular benefit a larger dollar amount.
- There should be a better way of calculating eligibility than just on gross income alone maybe allow for certain deductions from the gross pay to determine eligibility.
- Open the emergency program earlier.
- Independent professional follow-up on all furnace repairs and replacements to ensure proper installation of equipment and proper repair of the equipment.
- Develop a process for districts to terminate contracts with vendors who are not complying with Clean & Tune regulations/time frames.
- Add to the "Submit Verification Document New and returning Users" section in Mybenefits, the following statement: "If you are applying for HEAP in Erie County, please download NYDocSubmit located in your app store on your smartphone (android or iphone). You can take a picture of the information necessary to apply for HEAP and send the pictures to Erie County HEAP via your smartphone. Please refer to the document requirements form. "Then give a few directions on how to NyDocSubmit.
- Make the utility information on MyBenefits a required field.
- A version of the MyBenefits HEAP application be available on a mobile phone for completion and submission.
- Projected administrative funding information for counties is sent to counties in October/November, if possible.
- There should be one emergency benefit (instead of multiple emergency benefits) with a larger dollar amount for the emergency benefit and give a 60 day hold instead of a 30-day hold.

Senator Roxanne J. Persaud, New York State Senate, District 19

- Determining eligibility based on applicant household's net incomes rather than gross incomes.
- The HEAP season should continue to be extended as it was this past year.
- Explore providing additional benefits to energy burdened, vulnerable New Yorkers experiencing increased costs in summer months.

• Increase public participation and involvement during in the policy development process. Hearings should be announced further in advance to a wider audience.